

Private Law 737

CHAPTER 495

AN ACT

For the relief of Niccolo Luvisotti.

June 28, 1952
[S. 2566]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the immigration and naturalization laws, Niccolo Luvisotti shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved June 28, 1952.

Niccolo Luvisotti.

Private Law 738

CHAPTER 496

AN ACT

For the relief of Karel Vaclav Malinovsky.

June 28, 1952
[H. R. 812]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the immigration and naturalization laws, Karel Vaclav Malinovsky shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon the payment of the required visa fee and head tax. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct one number from the number of displaced persons who shall be granted the status of permanent residence pursuant to section 4 of the Displaced Persons Act, as amended (62 Stat. 1011; 64 Stat. 219; 50 U. S. C. App. 1953).

Approved June 28, 1952.

Quota deduction.

Private Law 739

CHAPTER 497

AN ACT

For the relief of Ethel White, Frankie Ezell, and Ralph James.

June 28, 1952
[H. R. 1097]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Ethel White, Jackson, Alabama, the sum of \$840; to Frankie Ezell, Jackson, Alabama, the sum of \$420; and to Ralph James, St. Louis, Missouri, the sum of \$420. The payment of such sums shall be in full settlement of all claims of the said Ethel White, Frankie Ezell, and Ralph James against the United States for damage which was caused to their reversionary interest in certain property when the Corps of Engineers, in constructing a cut-off canal at Sunflower Bend, Tombigbee River, Alabama, during the period beginning November 9, 1937, and ending March 29, 1938, destroyed the means of land ingress and egress to such property: *Provided,* That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act for the payment of any one claim in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account

Ethel White and others.